

Coating technology

## AQUAPOX PRIMING ASG 170 - CONDUCTIVE LAYER



- > conductive
- > water emulsifiable

### Product description

Conductive, water-emulsifiable conductive layer under anti-static floor coatings. High wetting on epoxy resin primers and good adhesive bond for subsequent (non-)conductive coatings. Indoors on floor areas for safe dissipation of static electricity as conductive layer for dissipative reactive resin coatings.

#### Delivery format

Container	Outer packaging	Pallet
5 KG / KE	-	36 KE
1 KG / BKA	-	99 BKA

#### Storage

Can be stored frost-free, cool, and dry on wooden shelves in the unopened original container for 730 days

### Processing

#### Recommended tools

Slow-rotating electric agitator, suitable mixing vessel, micro paint roller.

#### Mixing

Component A and component B are basically delivered in the relevant correct mixing ratios. A scale must be used to determine partial quantities. Thoroughly mix component A via a slow-rotating electric agitator (approx. 300 rpm), then add component B and continue mixing until a homogeneous, lump-free consistency is reached (approx. 2-3 minutes). Add 10% water and mix again. To prevent mixing and/or proportioning mistakes, the mixed material must be decanted into a clean, dry container (repotting) and stirred thoroughly again.

#### Processing

The conductive layer is applied cross-wise using a micro paint roller on the substrate primed/levelled with epoxy resin with the self-adhesive copper bands already attached.

## Technical data

Density	Comp. A + B approx. 1.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity	Comp. A + B approx. 55,000 mPa*s
Colour	anthracite
Consumption	approx. 0.15 kg/m <sup>2</sup> (diluted)
Mixing ratio	A:B = 5:1
Dilution	10 % with water
Pot life	approx. 30 min.
Recoatibility	after approx. 12 hrs
Bleeder	approx. 10 <sup>4</sup> Ohm

## Test certificates

**Tested in accordance with (standard, classification ...)**  
EN 1504-2:2005

## Substrate

### Suitable substrates

Requirements for mineral substrates:

The substrate must be dry, stable and free of separating, intrinsic and dissimilar substances, pursuant to the IBF Directive - industrial substrates of reaction resin. Residual moisture max. 4 % by weight, measured with the CM device. Substrate temperature greater than 12 °C and 3 K above dew point; adhesive tensile strength on average 1.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>; adhesive tensile strength smallest single value 1.1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

## Product and processing instructions

Material information:

- If processing outside the ideal temperature and/or humidity range the material properties could change markedly.
- Bring the materials to the proper temperature before processing!
- In order to maintain the product properties, do not add any foreign materials!
- Water dosing quantities or dilution information must be strictly adhered to!
- Check tinted products for colour accuracy before application!
- Colour consistency can only be guaranteed within the same batch.
- The colour formation is significantly impacted by the environmental conditions.
- Carefully open the container and shake the product well!
- Use a scale to mix partial quantities!
- Reactive resins are to be processed as quickly as possible after mixing.
- Water-based systems have only a limited shelf life after dilution with water, which is why quick processing is recommended.
- With water-based systems, the water quantity specified by the manufacturer may only be added after stirring components A and B.
- Always allow primer to dry/harden well.
- Observe the odours caused by solvent-based systems.
- At a constant temperature of + 20 °C, applied reactive resins can be walked on after 1 day, are mechanically resistant after 3 days and chemically resistant after 7 days.
- With UV loads and the influence of certain chemicals, the surface can discolour or yellow, which does not impair the functionality and usability of the coating.
- The shade designations listed (RAL, NCS,...) are to be understood as shade descriptions without guaranteed matching of the original shade chart.
- If you are using different products (on the same object), colour consistency can not be guaranteed even if the colours have the same designation.

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- Note that the colour will change when adding quartz sand, thixotropic agents, suspending agents or similar!
- After the hardening reaction, a slightly chalky surface remains!
- Residual quantities which are not needed and which have already been mixed must be mixed with quartz sand (smoke generation).

### Environmental information:

- Do not process at temperatures below +5 °C!
- The ideal temperature range for the material, substrate and air is + 15 °C to + 25 °C.
- The ideal relative humidity range is 40% to 60%.
- Increased air humidity and/or lower temperatures may prolong the drying, setting and hardening time, while lower air humidity and/or higher temperatures will speed it up.
- Ensure adequate ventilation during the drying, reaction and hardening phase; avoid draughts!
- Protect against direct sunlight, wind and weather!
- Protect adjacent components!
- The substrate temperature must be at least 3 K above the dew point.  
(The corresponding dew point temperature can be determined via the prevailing relative air humidity and the air temperature from a dew point table.)
- Protect against contaminants (dust, insects, foliage etc.) during the reaction phase!
- If the time window of 48 hours is exceeded between the individual work steps, intermediate sanding is required!
- We recommend systems which are resistant to yellowing in areas exposed to UV.
- The substrate must be prepared by means of a suitable mechanical process.

### Tips:

- We recommend using a test surface first or a small area for initial, small-scale testing.
- Please heed the product data sheets of all MUREXIN products used in the process.
- Keep a genuine original container of the respective batch for later repair work.
- To avoid sediments and visible transitions between work tracks, these are to be processed offset for longer lengths!
- Abrasive, scraping mechanical loads cause wear marks.
- Plasticisers from vehicle tyres can cause discolourations.
- Contact with vehicle tyres or other plastics which contain plasticiser can lead to discolourations, impressions or softening of the surface.
- For defined structures in terms of anti-slip classes, fire classes and decorative surface designs, please refer to the "Service" area on [www.murexin.com](http://www.murexin.com).
- To minimise the formation of increased temperatures, odour and smoke with mixed residual quantities that are no longer needed, we recommend mixing them with quartz sand in good time!

The information provided reflects average values that were obtained under laboratory conditions. Due to the use of natural raw materials, the indicated values of individual deliveries may vary slightly without impacting the product suitability.

## Safety instructions

Please refer to safety data sheet for product-specific information with regard to composition, handling, cleaning, corresponding actions and disposal.

Limiting and monitoring exposure

Personal protective equipment:

General protection and hygiene measures:

- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feedstuffs.
- Take off contaminated, impregnated clothing immediately.
- Wash your hands before taking breaks and when finishing work.
- Do not inhale gases/vapours/aerosols.
- Avoid contact with the eyes.

Breathing protection:

- Breathing protection is recommended.
- Use a breathing filter device for short term or minor exposure; for more intensive or longer exposure, use a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection: protective gloves.

Glove material

- Nitrile rubber

- The selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material, but also on other quality properties, which may vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation made up of many materials, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted in advance and must therefore be checked before use.

Penetration time of the glove material

- The precise penetration time is to be found out from the protective glove manufacturer and complied with.

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Eye protection: tightly sealed protective goggles.  
Body protection: protective clothing.

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Please observe the current, technical, national and European standards, guidelines and data sheets regarding materials, substrates and the subsequent construction. Please contact us if you have any reservations or doubt.

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